

#### Europäisches **Patentamt**

#### European **Patent Office**

#### Office européen des brevets

# Bescheinigung

## Certificate

### Attestation

Die angehefteten Unterlagen stimmen mit der ursprünglich eingereichten Fassung der auf dem nächsten Blatt bezeichneten europäischen Patentanmeldung überein.

The attached documents are exact copies of the European patent application conformes à la version described on the following page, as originally filed.

Les documents fixés à cette attestation sont initialement déposée de la demande de brevet européen spécifiée à la page suivante.

Patentanmeldung Nr.

Patent application No. Demande de brevet n°

03291079.6

Der Präsident des Europäischen Patentamts; Im Auftrag

For the President of the European Patent Office

Le Président de l'Office européen des brevets p.o.

R C van Dijk

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)



European Patent Office Office européen des brevets



Anmeldung Nr:

Application no.: 03

03291079.6

Demande no:

Anmeldetag:

Date of filing: 02.05.03

Date de dépôt:

Anmelder/Applicant(s)/Demandeur(s):

Texas Instruments Incorporated 7839 Churchill Way, Mail Station 3999 Dallas, Texas 75251 ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE Texas Instruments France Avenue Bel Air BP5 06271 Villeneuve Loubet Cedex, Nice FRANCE

Bezeichnung der Erfindung/Title of the invention/Titre de l'invention: (Falls die Bezeichnung der Erfindung nicht angegeben ist, siehe Beschreibung. If no title is shown please refer to the description. Si aucun titre n'est indiqué se referer à la description.)

Method and system for access to development environment of another

In Anspruch genommene Prioriät(en) / Priority(ies) claimed /Priorité(s) revendiquée(s)
Staat/Tag/Aktenzeichen/State/Date/File no./Pays/Date/Numéro de dépôt:

Internationale Patentklassifikation/International Patent Classification/Classification internationale des brevets:

G06F1/00

Am Anmeldetag benannte Vertragstaaten/Contracting states designated at date of filing/Etats contractants désignées lors du dépôt:

AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL PT RO SE SI SK TR LI



ier non no taior tài o

TI-35374

# METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ACCESS TO DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT OF ANOTHER

#### FIELD OF INVENTION

[0001] This invention relates to a method and system for access to the development environment of another using the Internet and more particularly to a method of collaboration with partners such as sub-contractors, customers and suppliers.

#### **BACKGROUND OF INVENTION**

[0002] The complexity of system designs is increasing exponentially. This is particularly a concern for integrated circuit manufacturers such as Texas Instruments Inc. The time to market is more and more critical for success. It is believed that collaboration with customers and suppliers is the key to faster, easier, cheaper and more accurate interactions.

[0003] The collaboration can be improved by allowing the customers and suppliers (partners) to use their compute resources. The problem with that is having the data leaving the owner for validating, simulation, layout, etc.

[0004] It is therefore an object of the present invention for manufacturer's such as Texas Instruments Inc. to give access to partners such as sub-contractors, customers and Electronic Design Automation (EDA) vendors to the manufacturer's design systems computing environment without compromising Intellectual Property.

TI-35374

#### SUMMARY OF INVENTION

[0005] In accordance with one embodiment of the present invention access from partner's sub-contractors, customers and Electronic Design Automation (EDA) vendors to a manufacturer's (owner's) such as Texas instruments Inc. design systems computing environment without compromising Intellectual Property is provided by a full suite of web-based services from design to production is provided by a highly secure network including a VPN tunnel between workstations to establish a secure encrypted tunnel end to end wherein each partner is identified with a different VPN group/password.

[0006] In accordance with an embodiment of the present invention a method of enabling collaboration by owners of a collaborative network with partners such as subcontractors, customers and/or Electronic Design Automation (EDA) vendors without compromising Intellectual Property is provided herein by providing by the owner a highly secure common resource computing environment with services from design to production wherein data input and output remains on the common resource. The highly secure resource is provided by multiple layers of security to engagement boxes with the computing environment where the partners can work simultaneously in multiple teams, run simulation tests, emulate software problems and share intellectual property in a secure zone with just the remote display going back to the engagement box and therefore to the partner outside the owner.

#### DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING

[0007] Figure 1 illustrates access to the compute farm versioning storage according to one embodiment of the present invention.

[0008] Figure 2 is a flow diagram according to one embodiment of the present invention.

TI-35374

[0009] Figure 3 illustrates how a session is started on a port and when authenticated data is sent on a different port.

[0010] Figure 4 illustrates a system design according to one embodiment of the present invention and illustrates which protocols are allowed from where to where to guarantee security.

[0011] Figure 5 illustrates the collaborative web-based services from design to production.

[0012] Figure 6 illustrates the collaborative process services from design through shipping and receiving.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS**

[0013] According to one embodiment of the present invention access from subcontractors, customers and Electronic Design Automation (EDA) vendors to the
manufacturer's such as Texas Instruments Incorporated computing environment without
compromising Intellectual Property is provided by a full suite of web-based services from
design to production. This interactive design compute environment in which customers
can work jointly with the technical people and other representatives of Texas Instruments
Inc. to create and test designs in a highly secure "Design Zones" promote collaboration
between Texas Instruments Inc. (the manufacturer and owner of the computing
environment) and its customers and offer flexibility in the compute and design process.
Because the zones are so secure, they help give customers the confidence they need to
share design intellectual property with Texas Instruments Inc. representatives and

TI-35374

subcontractors for the purpose of completing a project and increasing the value of a joint design.

[0014] Design zones allow designers with access to the zones to compute as they would from a common UNIX desktop. They login to a highly secure Texas Instruments Inc. network through the Internet, direct leased lines and/or the Texas Instruments Inc. Intranet. They must pass through multiple layers of security. Once they reach the "engagement zones" Texas Instruments engineers and other representatives and their business partners can work simultaneously in multiple teams, run simulation tests, emulate software problems and share intellectual property in a secure zone.

[0015] Figure 1 illustrates Customers, Sub-contractors, and EDA Vendors (partners) accessing the Internet and through the VPN and TI external firewall 11 to the authentication 13. The access after authentication the communication then passes on to the appropriate isolated engagement boxes 15 and to the computer farm versioning storage 17. All machines in the system cannot access Texas Instruments Inc. Intranet. They are blocked by the TI internal firewall 19 with the exception of the Network Time Protocol, license machines for EDA applications and a few Mail functionalities (SMPT port 25). Data produced in the system is replicated internally through the backend network or through the outside perimeter on a regular basis, and this is always initiated from inside, namely from the Intranet.

[0016] A Texas Instruments Inc. Design Zone security administrator monitors the activities to make sure no information leaves the site. Design engineers are restricted from removing any intellectual property from the engagement zone and a security

TI-35374

administrator controls all movements of data. For added protection, a "co-session" management tool allows the designated zone lead engineer to monitor what the parties are doing in the zone.

[0017] Referring to Figure 2, a flow chart of the process is illustrated. The user partner (Step 1) starts a Virtual Private Network (VPN) client from a remote. A VPN is a wide area communication network provided by a common carrier that provides what seems like dedicated lines when used, but backbone trunks are shared among all customers as in a public network. A VPN tunnel is established between the partners (customers and suppliers) workstations (any machine that can run VPN software) to establish a secure encrypted tunnel end to end (VPN concentrator). A VPN concentrator joins several communications channels together. Each partner is identified with a different VPN group/password (Step 2). A tunnel simply refers to a single logical channel over which sessions that normally do not share a logical channel are sent. The tunnel created in a VPN connection is a logical point- to-point connection that supports authentication and encryption of data from one endpoint of the tunnel to the other. The tunneling hides the original packet inside a new packet. For routing through the tunnel, the address of the tunnel endpoint is provided in the outside (new) packet's header, which is called the encapsulation header. The final destination address is inside, in the original packet's header. When the packet reaches the tunnel's endpoint destination, the encapsulation header is stripped off and the original packet delivered to the final destination. Tunnels can be established at different layer such as data link layer or network layer. In VPN there are three types of protocols. There is the tunneling protocol

TI-35374

to establish the tunnel. The encryption protocol is used to secure the data. There is the network/transport protocol or LAN protocol to communicate on the private network. The VPN is the first level of authentication.

[0018] Partners start a session in a Worldwide Web (Web) page using thin client technology such as Citrix Independent Computing Architecture (ICA). This session launch on a Portal machine that will authenticate through Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) the user/password of the person (Step 3). The LDAP allows the directory user agent to give users access to directory services to communicate with the directory system agent that manages the directory data. This is the second level of authentication.

Depending on the person identified by the LDAP in Step 3 above, the session will be routed to one of many engagement boxes that are on the Ethernet segments separated by Firewall boxes where in Step 4 another login/password is required and is validated thru LDAP. LDAP boxes are on the common resource segments. All users of the same partner are all launching on the same engagement box, which guarantee a high level of security. From that engagement box they have access to data and applications on the Network File System (NFS) storage system (Step 7) and access is also controlled by the LDAP mechanism for security purposes. NFS is a distributed file system from SunSoft that allows data to be shared across a network regardless of machine, operating system, network architecture or protocol. This de facto UNIX standard lets remote files appear as if they were local on a user's machine. The partners can run local applications on the engagement box (Step 5) such as design applications, mail, editor, etc or on the server farm (Step 6) that resides on the common resources

TI-35374

segment for bigger batch or interactive jobs. Doing that, data input and output remains on the common resource, just the remote display is going back to the engagement box (X11 protocol) and therefore to the partner outside the owner (ICA) such as Texas Instruments Inc. All critical data remains in the Texas instruments Inc. premises design zone. All machines in the design zone cannot access the TI Intranet because they are blocked by the firewall 19 with the exception of the Network Time Protocol, license machines for EDA applications and a few mail functionalities (SMTP port 25). Data produced in the system is replicated internally through the backend network or through the outside perimeter on a regular basis, and this is always initiated from inside, namely from the TI Intranet via the TI internal firewall. As discussed previously a Design Zone security administrator monitors the activities to make sure no information leaves the site and design engineers are restricted from removing any intellectual property from the engagement zone and the security administrator controls all movements of data. For added protection, a "co-session" management tool allows the designated zone lead engineer to monitor what the parties are doing in the zone.

[0020] Figure 3 illustrates an example of how a session is started on port 80 and then when session is authenticated data are going on to port 1494. The client device on the Internet containing the ICA client and the web browser communicates with the Citrix NFuse Web server at port 80 in the design zone portal through the first firewall (Firewall 1). NFuse enables one to integrate interactive applications into standard Web browsers such as Netscape or Microsoft Internet Explorer. The web server communicates using the XML protocol to port 80 on server farm through the second firewall (Firewall 2) and

responds back. NFuse also enables joining several servers in a group to create the server farm. Note the Citrix MetaFrame Sever in the farm or engagement. Within the farm, one can perform load balancing, license pooling, and application publishing. When the session is authenticated data can be sent on a different port 1498.

Figure 4 is a schematic diagram of the system and illustrates which protocol is allowed from where to where to guarantee security. The partners may access through the outside/business perimeter using the Internet as illustrated at the top of the drawing. A licensee may access the system trough an Intranet link. The access is through routers and thru secure mechanism such as SSH. SSH utilizes strong encryption and authentication. SSH can be installed on a private network's firewall, and a tunnel can be established from SSH client with dialup Internet access to the firewall. The input from the Internet is through VPN concentrator using a VPN tunnel. The Partners start an ICA session in a WEB page. This session is launched on a Portal machine that will authenticate through Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) the user/password of the person. Depending on the person that will authenticate through Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) the user/password of the person, then another login/password is required and is validated thru LDAP. All users of the same partner are all launching on the same engagement box, which guarantee a high level of security. This is the second LDAP and third level of security. From that box they have access to data and applications on the Network File System (NFS) storage thru a LDAP mechanism for security purposes. There are illustrated engagement boxes 1 thru 21. The common resource segment includes the server farm, the storage NFS, DNS mail, the LDAP master and secondary LDAP. The backend Network segment includes the TI or owner's Intranet.

TI-35374

This backend segment is mostly used for backup purposes of data in common resources as well as for data replication between Intranet and Common resource area. The async access box is used for management of all the critical boxes in the Design Zone from the Intranet thru a Terminal server box to guarantee security.

**[0022]** Texas Instrument Inc. provides a full suite of web-based services to customers who do not have the system capability to connect directly to Texas Instruments Inc. networks. Figure 5 illustrates the collaborative web-based services from design to production. At the discovery stage there are presented application solutions. At the evaluation stage there is product information, parametric search, demos, free evaluation tools, free samples and tools eStore. At the design/test stage there is training/Webcasts, third party network, update advisor, technical support, knowledge base and discussion groups. At the production stage there is availability information and lead time information.

[0023] Figure 6 illustrates the collaborative process from design through shipping and receiving. In the design stage the collaborative design services include secure collaborative design zones, linked IT infrastructures across design partners, web-based program management and product delivery workflow tools and customer co-simulations and consolidated design storage. During planning and forecasting the services are short and long term forecasting and response, proactive messaging/alerts, replenishment models adapted to customer needs, and leading on RosettaNet standards related to planning and forecasting. During order management the services are quote management (create and change), order management (create and change and status), order acknowledgements, material tracking (ship notices, inventory, WIP), and leading on EDI,

יצו ארידג בטיעטיטט

TI-35374

RosettaNet, and barcode standards usage and definition. The collaborative services for supplier for manufacturing include electronic-catalog for self-service ordering, multiple integration options (EDI/RosettaNet, XML or Web), Web contract management, material specification available via the Web, Web PO, invoice and acknowledgement, and logistics track and trace. The collaborative services for subcontractors for manufacturing include forecast management, purchase order management, inventory management, planning management, receiving management and shipment tracking. The distributor collaboration services during shipping and receiving include multiple integration options (EDI, RosettaNet, Web), quote management (create and change), order management (create, change, and status), order acknowledgements, shipment notices and tracking, price list, ship and debit processing, design registration, inventory reporting and resale management.

[0024] While the invention has been particularly shown and described with reference to a preferred embodiment, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and detail may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

TI-35374

#### In the claims:

- 1. A method for providing highly secure access of a partner to the development environment of another partner comprising the steps of:

  starting a VPN tunnel between workstations to establish a secure encrypted tunnel end to end wherein each partner is identified with a different VPN group/password;

  starting a session by the partner in a Web page on a portal machine that authenticates thru LDAP the user/password of the person;

  routing the session to an engagement box depending on the person where the engagement boxes are on network segments separated by firewall boxes with another logon/password and is validated thru second LDAP and wherein all users of the same partner are all launching on the same box; and accessing data and applications from that engagement box on Network File system storage authenticated LDAP to get benefit of a big compute farm composed of many high-end servers in a very secure way.
- 2. The method of Claim 1 including the step of submitting batch or interactive jobs to a server farm on a common resource segment so data input and data output on the server farm remains on a common resource but the remote display is going back to the engagement box.
- 3. A method of enabling collaboration by owners of a collaborative network with partners such as sub-contractors, customers and/or Electronic Design Automation

TI-35374

(EDA) vendors without compromising Intellectual Property comprising the steps of:

providing by the owner a highly secure common resource computing environment with services from design to production wherein data input and output remains on the common resource; and

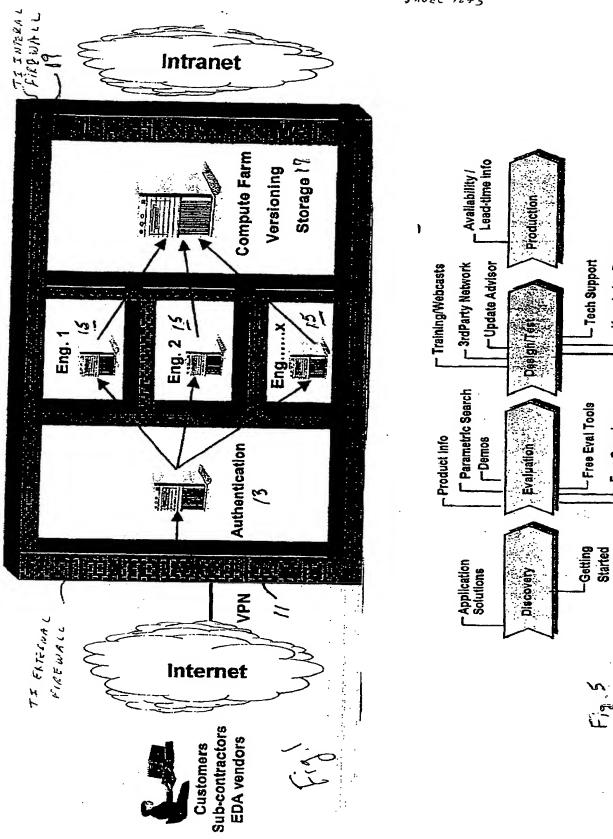
means for providing multiple layers of security to engagement boxes with said computing environment where the partners can work simultaneously in multiple teams, run simulation tests, emulate software problems and share intellectual property in a secure zone with just the remote display is going back to the engagement box and therefore to the partner outside the owner.

4. The method of Claim 3 wherein said partners can run local applications on engagement box such as design applications, mail, editor, etc or on the server farm that resides on the common resources segment for bigger batch or interactive jobs.

TI-35374

#### **ABSTRACT**

A highly secure "Design Zones" system is described that promotes collaboration between a manufacturer and owner of compute systems and its partners such as subcontractors, customers and suppliers offers flexibility in the compute and design process. A partner starts a VPN tunnel between his workstations to establish a secure encrypted tunnel end to end wherein each partner is identified with a different VPN group/password. A session is started by the partner in a Web page on a portal machine through a thin client technology that authenticates thru LDAP the user/password of the person. The session is routed to an engagement box depending on the person where the engagement boxes are on network segments such as Ethernet separated by firewall boxes with another logon/password and is validated thru second LDAP and wherein all users of the same partner are all launching on the same box; and accessing data and applications from that engagement box on Network File System (NFS) storage authenticated LDAP to get benefit of a big compute farm composed of many high end servers in a very secure way.



L Knowledge Base -Discussion Groups

L Tech Support

- Free Eval Tools

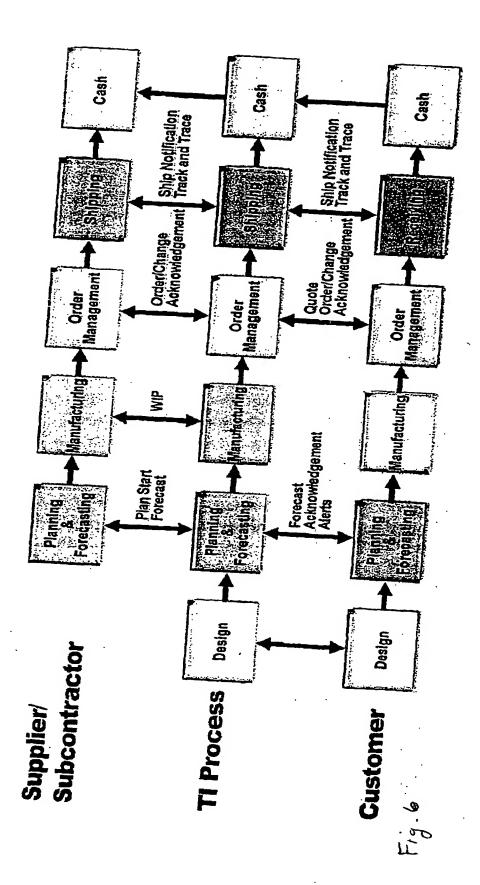
- Free Samples

Tools eStore

T x 3 5324

5 11 0 x + 5 - 4 5'

p. 8



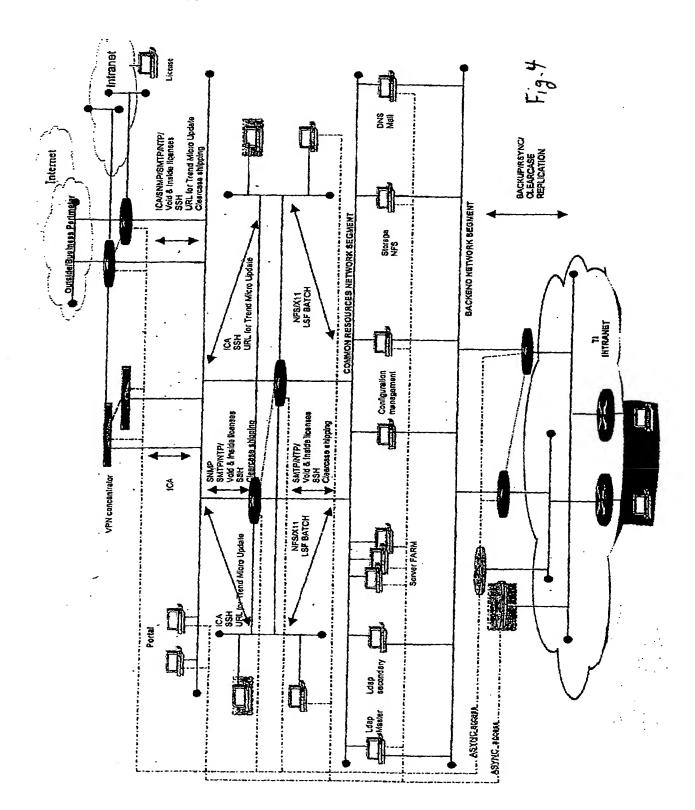
02/05/03

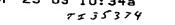
29 03 10:34a Apr

TI35374

5 90 + 40 45

p. 7





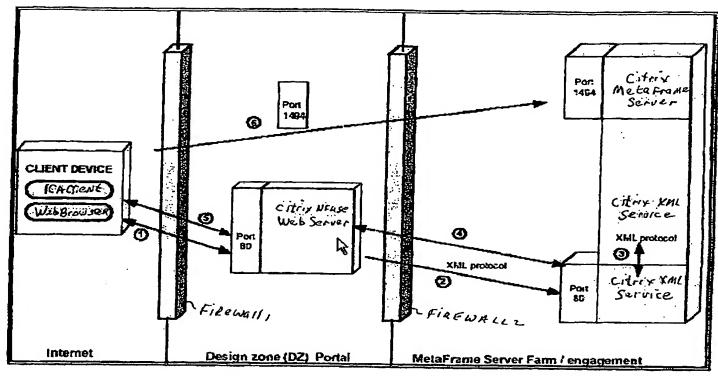
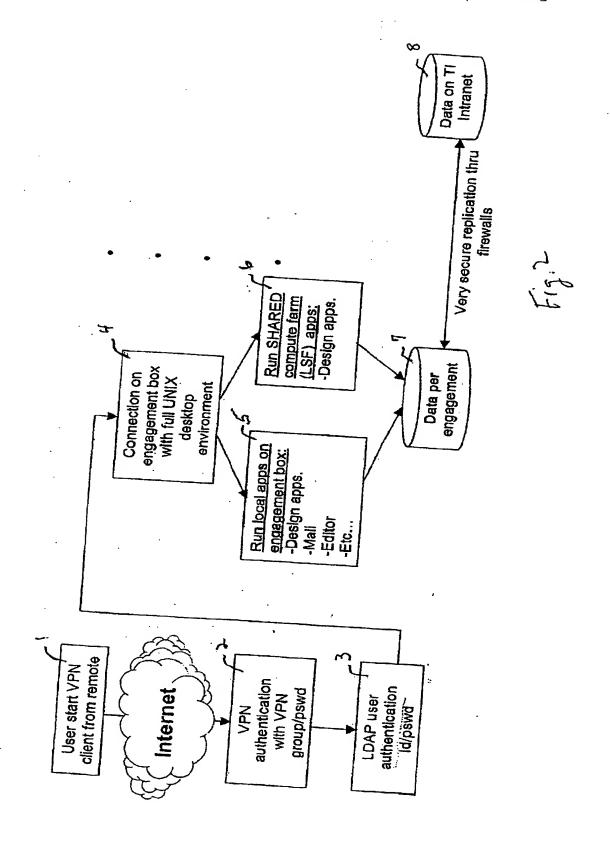


Fig. 3



# This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

# **BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES**

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

□ BLACK BORDERS
□ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
□ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
□ BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
□ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
□ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
□ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
□ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
□ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY

# IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

□ OTHER:

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.

	•		
		•	